

a) ETHANOL BALANCE

$$ACC = IN - OUT + GEN$$

$$\frac{d(V\rho_E)}{dt} = (0.05)(5) - Q^{DE} \rho_E^{DE}$$

Kg/min

THE VOLUME IS CONSTANT 30L

$$30 \frac{d\rho_E}{dt} = 0.25 - Q^{DE} \rho_E^{DE}$$

CONC.
OF ETHANOL
IN TANK

CONC. OF
ETHANOL IN EXITING
STREAM.

IF TANK IS WELL-MIXED THEN $\rho_E = \rho_E^{DE}$

$$30 \frac{dp_E}{dt} = 0.25 - Q^{DE} p_E$$

$$30 \int_{p_E^i}^{p_E^f} \frac{dp_E}{0.25 - Q^{DE} p_E} = \int_0^t dt$$

WHAT IS Q^{DE} ? WHAT IS RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN Q^{DE} & p_E ?

SINCE SOLUTION OF ETHANOL IS DILUTE, AND MASS FRACTION OF ETHANOL ONLY VARIES SLIGHTLY (3%-4%), WE MIGHT

ASSUME THAT Q^{DE} IS A CONSTANT.

$$Q^{DE} = Q \sim Q^{IN} = \left(\frac{5.0 \text{ Kg}}{\text{min}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{mL}}{0.9927 \text{ g}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{g}}{\text{Kg mL}} \right) = 5.037 \frac{\text{L}}{\text{min}}$$

← DENSITY OF 3% ETHANOL SOLUTION

$$-\frac{30}{Q} \ln \left[\frac{0.25 - Q p_E^f}{0.25 - Q p_E^i} \right] = t$$

USE

$$Q = 5.037 \text{ L/min}$$

$$0.25 = \text{Kg/L}$$

$$p_E = \text{Kg/L}$$

DENSITY 4% ETHANOL
↓

$$p_E^f (4\% \text{ ETHANOL}) = \left(\frac{0.04 \text{ g E}}{\text{g SOLN}} \right) \left(\frac{0.9911 \text{ g SOLN}}{\text{mL SOLN}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{mL Kg}}{\text{L g}} \right)$$

$$= 0.03964 \text{ Kg/L}$$

$$p_E^i (3\% \text{ ETHANOL}) = \left(\frac{0.03 \text{ g E}}{\text{g SOLN}} \right) \left(\frac{0.9927 \text{ g SOLN}}{\text{mL SOLN}} \right) \left(\frac{\text{mL Kg}}{\text{L g}} \right)$$

$$= 0.02973 \text{ Kg/L}$$

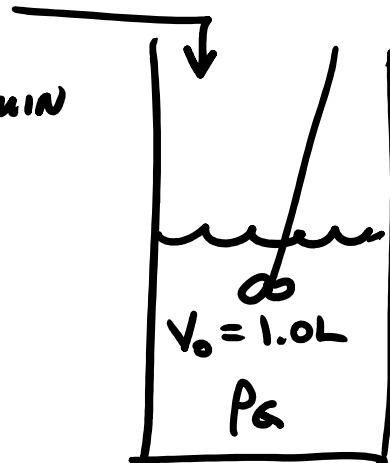
$$- \frac{30}{5.037} \ln \left[\frac{0.25 - 0.03964(5.037)}{0.25 - 0.02973(5.037)} \right] = t = \underline{4.1 \text{ MINUTES}}$$

NOTE $Q = \text{CONSTANT?}$

FOR 4% ETHANOL $Q = 5.045 \text{ L/min}$ AND ANSWER
WOULD CHANGE BY 0.017 MINUTES ($\sim 1 \text{ SECOND}$, 0.4% ERROR)

DRAW & LABEL DIAGRAM

GLUCOSE
 $Q_G = 0.10 \text{ L/min}$
 $P_G = 12 \text{ g/L}$



LEAK
 $Q^L = 0.03 \text{ L/min}$
 $P_G^L = ?$

OVERALL BALANCE

$$ACC = IN - OUT$$

$$\frac{dm}{dt} = \frac{d(V\rho)}{dt} = Q^G \rho^G - Q^L \rho^L$$

ρ = DENSITY OF SOLUTION IN TANK (CHANGING)
 ρ^G = DENSITY OF SOLUTION IN GLUCOSE FEED (CONSTANT)
 ρ^L = DENSITY OF SOLUTION IN LEAK (CHANGING)

$$\rho = \rho^G = \rho^L = \text{CONSTANT}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = Q^G - Q^L$$

$$\int_{V_0}^V dV = \int_0^t (Q^A - Q^L) dt = \int_0^t (0.10 - 0.03) dt$$

$$V - V_0 = 0.07t$$

$$V [L] \quad t [min]$$

OR $V = 0.07t + V_0$

$$V = 0.07t + 1.0$$

NOTE

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 0.07$$

GLUCOSE BALANCE

$$ACC = IN - OUT + GEN$$

$$\frac{d(V\rho_G)}{dt} = Q^G \rho_G^G - Q^L \rho_G^L$$

NOTE: BOTH V & ρ_G ARE $f(t)$!
THESE ARE CONCENTRATIONS (SUBSCRIPT G)
NOT DENSITIES.

$$\rho_G \frac{dV}{dt} + V \frac{d\rho_G}{dt} = Q^G \rho_G^G - Q^L \rho_G^L$$